

the better nutrition omega 3 evaluation

Fats help the body run better. They are made up of fatty acids, which help the body direct a healthy inflammatory response, hormones, escort fat-soluble nutrients to cells for use and so much more. Some fatty acids are "essential" which means we need to get them in from food. Among these are omega 3s and omega 6s. There's a lot of confusion and misinformation about these fats - like omega 6s being bad for us (our body actually needs more omega 6s than 3s) or that there are only two or three types of omega 3s (EPA, DHA, ALA) when there are more like 11. This evaluation is designed to help assess your current total nutrition to see if you get enough omega 3s regularly, and ideally, from a variety of whole food sources (you may also supplement as needed to meet your daily needs). Fill it out based on what you choose (or skip) most often.

Section A:

Where are you getting Omega 3s?	Daily '	Weekly	Never	
Do you consume omega-rich fish like salmon, sardines, anchovies, halibut or mackerel?				
Do you consume grass fed beef?				
Do you consume grass fed, full-fat ('whole') dairy?				
Do you consume nuts and seeds like walnuts, hemp, flax & chia seeds?				
Do you consume soybeans (edamame, tofu, tempeh)?				
Do you consume Brussels sprouts, broccoli & cauliflower?				
Do you drink hemp, soy, flax or other non-dairy milk fortified with omega 3s?				
Do you consume hempseed, canola, walnut, flaxseed, soybean oils?				
Are you adding omega 3s to your day with supplements? MOST DAYS NEVER				
Do you take fish oil, cod liver oil, or omega 3 supplements from fish?				
Does your multi have added omegas (DHA, EPA, ALA)?				
Do you take omega 3 supplements from plants?				

Section B:

How much Omega 3 are you getting in daily?

(Each serving is ~1g ALA/EPA/DHA or read label)

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How much fish: sardines [*] (1.5 oz), salmon [*] (2 oz), shrimp (3 oz), cod^* (4 oz)			
How much grass fed beef (3 oz)?			
How much grass fed, full-fat ('whole') dairy (varies, read label)?			
How much nuts & seeds: hemp (1 Tbsp), flax (½ Tbsp), walnuts (½ c), chia (¼ oz)			
How much soy: tempeh/tofu (8 oz), edamame/soybeans (1 c), soy milk (20 oz)			

< 1 serving | 1 serving | > 1 serving



Section B: (cont.)

< 1 serving | 1 serving | > 1 serving

How much Brussels sprouts (3 c) & broccoli (5 c) & cauliflower (5 c)?		
How much non-dairy milk: hemp & flax (6 oz) or fortified with omega 3 (read label)		
How much omega 3-rich oils like walnut, canola, soybean (1 Tbsp), hempseed oil (1 tsp), flaxseed oil (1/2 tsp)		

Section C:

Are your omega 3s:	MOSTLY	NEVER
Organic?		
Non-GMO? (if they are organic, they are Non-GMO by definition)		
Grass Fed?		
Pasture Raised?		
Wild Caught?		
Only from animal foods?		
Only from plant foods?		

Section D:

What's your current health status?	YES	NO
Do you have high cholesterol?		
Do you have heart disease?		
Are you prediabetic or do you have diabetes?		
Do you have depression, anxiety, or ADHD?		
Do you have skin issues like eczema or psoriasis?		
Do you have arthritis?		
Do you have an autoimmune condition (rheumatoid arthritis, Type 1 Diabetes)		
Are you pregnant or breastfeeding?		
Do you have a digestive condition such as Crohn's/Ulcerative Colitis, a removed gallbladder, SIBO, celiac disease?		

Have you noticed any of these symptoms? YES | NO Poor memory? Dry skin? Heart problems? Mood swings? Joint pain?

What do your answers tell you and your practitioner about your current nutrition?

In section (A), are you getting a balance of whole food animal and plant omega 3s?

- Ideally your better nutrition plan is plant-based, so if you never or rarely have nuts, seeds, beans and the non-starchy vegetables mentioned above, to add those in more often.
 Better Nutrition Tip: our bodies don't do an effective job of converting ALA (plant omega 3) into EPA and DHA without a satisfactory supply of certain nutrients. These nutrients include vitamin B3, vitamin B6, vitamin C, and the minerals zinc and magnesium so make sure you are getting those too.
- In addition to plant-based choices, omega-rich fish is a great way to get your intake of omega 3s. You can also accessorize with grass fed beef, dairy and eggs.
- Are you relying on supplements for your omega 3 needs? They can be a helpful addition to meet your needs, but if they are your only source most days then you should ask your practitioner about the **Better Plant-Based Nutrition Guide** for better swops to help you meet your better omega 3 intake with whole foods more often. And when using supplements, choose better whole foods supplements as opposed to isolates of only one or two omega 3s.
- High heat cooking can destroy omega 3s along with other nutrients so cook at lower heat (< 400F) and consider baking, broiling or steaming vs frying.
- Nut and seed butters, and their oils can be a great way to increase your daily intake of omega 3s. Aim for a variety to enjoy different flavors and nutrient intake.
- How you store your omega-3 rich foods matters. Freezing protects them as do dark, tightly closed containers and avoiding exposure to light and air. That's why clear bins at the grocery store may not be a good source for omega 3 rich nuts and seeds.

In section (B)

• If you want to meet your better omega 3 intake with whole foods, that means getting 1 - 2 servings of omega-3 rich foods daily.

In section (C)

- Quality is important. If you marked **MOSTLY** to certified organic, non-GMO, grass fed, pasture raised, or wild caught great! These are better choices because animals that eat better food produce healthier fats so these are the ones to choose more often.
- Plant vs Animal If you are getting a mix of plant and animal sources of omega 3, great! If your omega 3s are only coming from animal sources, try to add some plants for variety. Include hemp, walnuts, flaxseeds, chia seeds, soybeans (edamame, tofu, tempeh), Brussels sprouts, broccoli and cauliflower in your diet daily.

In section (D)

• Certain health conditions will benefit greatly from increased intake of omega 3s. Did you say "YES" to any of the list conditions or symptoms? Get food and supplement advice from your practitioner.



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